



United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION N	O	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/698,721	•	10/31/2003	Philip J. Pietraski	I-2-0433.1US	1573
24374	7590	03/20/2006		EXAMINER	
VOLPE.	AND KO	ENIG, P.C.	EWART, JAMES D		
DEPT. IC	-	UITE 1600	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
30 SOUTH 17TH STREET				2683	
PHILADI	ELPHIA, I	PA 19103	DATE MAILED: 03/20/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
065 4-41 0	10/698,721	PIETRASKI, PHILIP J.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	James D. Ewart	2683				
- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address - Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 Ja	nuary 2006.					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This	action is non-final.	•				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-5,8,12-16,19 and 32-37 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-5,8,12-16,19 and 32-37 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. 						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3: Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:					

Art Unit: 2683

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed January 17, 2006, have been fully considered by Examiner, but they are not deemed persuasive. Regarding Applicant's arguement that Bergel does not teach estimating the future quality of the downlink channel, the Examiner disagrees. Prior art of Applicant teaches that the mobile device (UE) determines the CQI and transmits the CQI to the base station (node B) however because it takes time to calculate the CQI and transmit it to the base station it is delayed and this delay causes the CQI to be inaccurate. Applicant's solution is to predict the future value based on past and present values. Bergel teaches predicting future channel conditions based on past and present values to avoid inaccuracies due to delay. In addition, Bergel teaches that the future channel conditions are related to fading which is a measurement of quality (see 0009). The combined teaching of Applicant's admitted prior art and Bergel meets the claimed invention.

2. The amendment filed January 17, 2006 is objected to under 35 U.S.C. 132(a) because it introduces new matter into the disclosure. 35 U.S.C. 132(a) states that no amendment shall introduce new matter into the disclosure of the invention. The added material which is not supported by the original disclosure is as follows: claims 8, 19 and 37 states making measurements on a plurality of downlink data channels, but the specification states making measurements on either the data channel, the pilot channel or a combination of the two i.e. (0037) "Although the CQI is shown as being derived from only a single data channel, the UE may use the DL data transmission (of step 206), any available pilot signals, or combinations of

2

Art Unit: 2683

both to derive the CQI." Applicant is required to cancel the new matter in the reply to this Office Action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-3,6-14,17-25 and 28-31 are rejected under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over admitted prior art of applicant in view of Bergel (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2003/0017835)

Referring to claim 1, admitted prior art of applicant teaches a method for providing feedback regarding the quality of a communication channel which is transmitted between a transmitter and a receiver (0008 – 0010); the method comprising: transmitting a control communication from said transmitter to said receiver (0008), said control communication including information regarding the allocation of resources in a subsequent downlink data communication (0008); receiving at said receiver said control communication and awaiting said downlink data communication (0008); transmitting from said transmitter said downlink data communication over a downlink channel (0009); receiving at said receiver said downlink data communication (0009); performing at said receiver at least one current quality measurement on

Art Unit: 2683

said downlink data communication to determine the current quality of said downlink data channel (0009); deriving, based on said performing step, a channel quality indication (CQI) (0009); and transmitting said CQI from said receiver to said transmitter (0010); but does not teach whereby said deriving step estimates the future quality of said downlink channel to derive said CQI. Bergel whereby said deriving step estimates the future quality of said downlink channel to derive said CQI (0021, 0024 and Figure 4B; 120, 130). Therefore at the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to combine the admitted prior art of applicant with the teaching of Bergel whereby said deriving step estimates the future quality of said downlink channel to derive said CQI to provide an improved compensation technique for transmission over a channel (0010).

Referring to claim 12, admitted prior art of applicant teaches a method for providing channel quality measurements on a downlink communication channel transmitted from a receiver to a transmitter (0008 – 0010); the method comprising: monitoring said downlink communication channel at said receiver (0009); performing at least one current measurement on said downlink communication channel to determine the current quality of said downlink data channel (0009); deriving, based on the performing step a quality indicator of the downlink communication channel (0009); and transmitting said indicator to said transmitter (0010); but does not teach whereby said deriving step predicts the future quality of the downlink communication channel. Bergel teaches whereby said deriving step predicts the future quality of the downlink communication channel (0021, 0024 and Figure 4B; 120, 130). Therefore at the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to combine the admitted prior art of applicant with the teaching of Bergel whereby said deriving

Art Unit: 2683

. !

step predicts the future quality of the downlink communication channel to provide an improved compensation technique for transmission over a channel (0010).

Referring to claim 32, admitted prior art of applicant teaches a method for providing feedback regarding the quality of a communication channel which is transmitted between a transmitter and a receiver (0008 - 0010); the method comprising: transmitting a control communication from said transmitter to said receiver (0008), said control communication including information regarding the allocation of resources in a subsequent downlink data communication (0008); receiving at said receiver said control communication and awaiting said downlink data communication (0008); transmitting from said transmitter said downlink data communication over a downlink data channel (0009); receiving at said receiver said downlink data communication (0009); transmitting from said transmitter a pilot channel communication over a pilot channel (0012); receiving at said receiver said pilot channel communication (0012); performing at said receiver at least one current quality measurement on said downlink data communication and said pilot channel communication to determine the current quality of said downlink data channel (0012); deriving, based on said performing step, a channel quality indication (CQI) (0012); and transmitting said CQI from said receiver to said transmitter (0012); whereby deriving step estimates the current quality of said downlink data channel to derive said CQI (0012), but does not teach whereby said deriving step predicts the future quality of the downlink communication channel. Bergel teaches whereby said deriving step predicts the future quality of the downlink communication channel (0021, 0024 and Figure 4B; 120, 130). Therefore at the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to combine the admitted prior art of applicant with the teaching of Bergel whereby

Art Unit: 2683

said deriving step predicts the future quality of the downlink communication channel to provide an improved compensation technique for transmission over a channel (0010).

Referring to claims 2,13 and 33, Bergel further teaches including storing said at least one current quality measurement (0026 and Figure 4B).

Referring to claims 3,14 and 34, Bergel further teaches wherein said deriving step further includes retrieving at least one stored quality measurement and utilizing said at least one stored quality measurement and said at least one current quality measurement to derive said predictive CQI (0049 and Figure 4B).

Referring to claims 8, 19 and 37, admitted prior art of applicant further teaches wherein said downlink data channel comprises a plurality of downlink data channels on which said quality measurements are performed (0008 and 0012). Interference is a combination of a number of things including other interfering channels.

4. Claims 4,15 and 35 are rejected under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over admitted prior art of applicant and Bergel and further in view of Koorapaty et al. (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2003/0129992).

Referring to claims 4,15 and 35, admitted prior art of applicant and Bergel teach the limitations of claims 4,15 and 35, but do not teach storing predicted values. Koorapaty et al. teaches storing predicted values (0010). Therefore at the time the invention was made, it would

Art Unit: 2683

have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to combine the teaching of Koorapaty et al. of storing predicted values to compare the predicted values with the measured values (0012).

5. Claims 5,16 and 36 are rejected under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over admitted prior art of applicant and Bergel and further in view of Bruckert et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,305,468)

Referring to claims 5, 16 and 36, admitted prior art of applicant and Bergel teach the limitations of claims 5, 16 and 36, but do not teach wherein said deriving step utilizes a linear predictive algorithm to derive the predicted value. Bruckert et al. teaches wherein said deriving step utilizes a linear predictive algorithm to derive the predicted value (Column 4, Lines 42-45). Therefore at the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to combine the teaching of admitted prior art of applicant and Bergel with the teaching of Bruckert et al. wherein said deriving step utilizes a linear predictive algorithm to derive the predicted value to provide a more accurate power control command (Column 1, Lines 47-49).

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

Art Unit: 2683

the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to James D. Ewart whose telephone number is (571) 272-7864. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7am - 4pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, William Trost can be reached on (571)272-7872. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (571) 273-8300 for regular communications and (571) 273-8300 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (571)272-2600.

Ewart

March 13, 2006

WILLIAM TROST SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600